

VISION OF THE INSTITUTION

To ignite the minds of the students through academic excellence so as to bring about social transformation and prosperity.

MISSION OF THE INSTITUTION

1. To expand the frontiers of knowledge through Quality Education.
2. To provide valued added Research and Development.
3. To embody a spirit of excellence in Teaching, Creativity, Scholarship and Outreach.
4. To provide a platform for synergy of Academy, Industry and Community.
5. To inculcate high standards of Ethical and Professional Behavior.

VISION OF CSE DEPARTMENT

To build a strong teaching-learning base with a flair for innovation and research that responds to the dynamic needs of the software industry and the society.

MISSION OF CSE DEPARTMENT

1. To provide strong foundation both in theory and applications of Computer Science & Engineering, so as to solve real-world problems
2. To empower students with state-of-art knowledge and up to date technological skills, making them globally competent
3. To promote research, innovation and entrepreneurship with focus on industry and social outreach
4. To foster civic minded leadership with ethics and values among students

PROGRAM EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES OF CSE DEPARTMENT

1. Graduates will have knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and in-depth studies in Computer Science Engineering, and will be able to apply them for formulating, analysing and solving real world problems.
2. Graduates will succeed in earning coveted entry level positions in leading Computer Software and Hardware Firms in India and abroad.
3. Graduates will succeed in the pursuit of advanced degrees and research in engineering or other fields and will have skills for continued, independent, lifelong learning and professional development throughout life.
4. Graduates will have good communication skills, leadership qualities, ethical values and will be able to work in teams with due attention to their social responsibilities.

PROGRAM OUTCOMES OF CSE DEPARTMENT

Engineering Graduates will be able to:

1. **Engineering knowledge:** Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.
2. **Problem analysis:** Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.
3. **Design/development of solutions:** Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.
4. **Conduct investigations of complex problems:** Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
5. **Modern tool usage:** Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.
6. **The engineer and society:** Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.

7. **Environment and sustainability:** Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.
8. **Ethics:** Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.
9. **Individual and team work:** Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.
10. **Communication:** Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.
11. **Project management and finance:** Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.
12. **Life-long learning:** Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.

PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES OF CSE DEPARTMENT

1. An ability to demonstrate basic knowledge in databases, programming languages and algorithm analysis in the development of software applications.
2. An ability to design and develop projects using open source tools and efficient data structures.

II Year - I Semester

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COMPUTER GRAPHICS

OBJECTIVES:

- To develop, design and implement two and three dimensional graphical structures
- To enable students to acquire knowledge Multimedia compression and animations
- To learn Creation, Management and Transmission of Multimedia objects.

UNIT-I:

2D Primitives Output primitives – Line, Circle and Ellipse drawing algorithms - Attributes of output primitives – Two dimensional Geometric transformations - Two dimensional viewing – Line, Polygon, Curve and Text clipping algorithms

UNIT-II:

3D Concepts Parallel and Perspective projections - Three dimensional object representation – Polygons, Curved lines, Splines, Quadric Surfaces, - Visualization of data sets - 3Dtransformations – Viewing -Visible surface identification.

UNIT-III:

Graphics Programming Color Models – RGB, YIQ, CMY, HSV – Animations – General Computer Animation, Raster, Keyframe - Graphics programming using OPENGL – Basic graphics primitives –Drawing three dimensional objects - Drawing three dimensional scenes

UNIT- IV:

Rendering Introduction to Shading models – Flat and Smooth shading – Adding texture to faces –Adding shadows of objects – Building a camera in a program – Creating shaded objects– Rendering texture – Drawing Shadows.

UNIT- V:

Fractals Fractals and Self similarity – Peano curves – Creating image by iterated functions – Mandelbrot sets – Julia Sets – Random Fractals

UNIT- VI:

Overview of Ray Tracing Intersecting rays with other primitives – Adding Surface texture – Reflections and Transparency – Boolean operations on Objects.

OUTCOMES:

- Know and be able to describe the general software architecture of programs that use 3D computer graphics.
- Know and be able to discuss hardware system architecture for computer graphics. This includes, but is not limited to: graphics pipeline, frame buffers, and graphic accelerators/co-processors.
- Know and be able to select among models for lighting/shading: Color, ambient light; distant and light with sources; Phong reflection model; and shading (flat, smooth, Gourand, Phong).

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Donald Hearn, Pauline Baker, Computer Graphics – C Version, second edition Pearson Education, 2004.
2. F.S. Hill, Computer Graphics using OPENGL, Second edition, Pearson Education, 2003.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. James D. Foley, Andries Van Dam, Steven K. Feiner, John F. Hughes, Computer Graphics- Principles and practice, Second Edition in C, Pearson Education, 2007.

II Year - I Semester

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DIGITAL LOGIC DESIGN

OBJECTIVE:

- To introduce the basic tools for design with combinational and sequential digital logic and state machines.
- To learn simple digital circuits in preparation for computer engineering.

UNIT- I: Digital Systems and Binary Numbers

Digital Systems, Binary Numbers, Binary Numbers, Octal and Hexadecimal Numbers, Complements of Numbers, Complements of Numbers, Signed Binary Numbers, Arithmetic addition and subtraction

UNIT -II: Concept of Boolean algebra

Basic Theorems and Properties of Boolean algebra, Boolean Functions, Canonical and Standard Forms, Minterms and Maxterms,

UNIT- III: Gate level Minimization

Map Method, Two-Variable K-Map, Three-Variable K-Map, Four Variable K-Maps. Products of Sum Simplification, Sum of Products Simplification, Don't – Care Conditions, NAND and NOR Implementation, Exclusive-OR Function

UNIT- IV: Combinational Logic

Introduction, Analysis Procedure, Design Procedure, Binary Adder–Subtractor, Decimal Adder, Binary Multiplier, Decoders, Encoders, Multiplexers, HDL Models of Combinational Circuits

UNIT- V: Synchronous Sequential Logic

Introduction to Sequential Circuits, Storage Elements: Latches, Storage Elements: Flip-Flops, Analysis of Clocked **Sequential** Circuits, Mealy and Moore Models of Finite State Machines

UNIT -VI: Registers and Counters

Registers, Shift Registers, Ripple Counters, Synchronous Counters, Ring Counter, Johnson Counter, Ripple Counter

OUTCOMES:

A student who successfully fulfills the course requirements will have demonstrated:

- An ability to define different number systems, binary addition and subtraction, 2's complement representation and operations with this representation.
- An ability to understand the different switching algebra theorems and apply them for logic functions.
- An ability to define the Karnaugh map for a few variables and perform an algorithmic reduction of logic functions.
- An ability to define the other minimization methods for any number of variables Variable Entered Mapping (VEM) and Quine-McCluskey (QM) Techniques and perform an algorithmic reduction of logic functions.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Digital Design, 5/e, M.Morris Mano, Michael D Ciletti, PEA.
2. Fundamentals of Logic Design, 5/e, Roth, Cengage.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Digital Logic and Computer Design, M.Morris Mano, PEA.
2. Digital Logic Design, Leach, Malvino, Saha, TMH.
3. Modern Digital Electronics, R.P. Jain, TMH.

II Year - I Semester

L	T	P	C
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DATA STRUCTURES THROUGH C++

OBJECTIVES:

- To be familiar with basic techniques of object oriented principles and exception handling using C++
- To be familiar with the concepts like Inheritance, Polymorphism
- Solve problems using data structures such as linear lists, stacks, queues, hash tables
- Be familiar with advanced data structures such as balanced search trees, AVL Trees, and B Trees.

UNIT-I: ARRAYS

Abstract Data Types and the C++ Class, An Introduction to C++ Class- Data Abstraction and Encapsulation in C++- Declaring Class Objects and Invoking Member Functions- Special Class Operations- Miscellaneous Topics- ADTs and C++Classes, The Array as an Abstract Data Type, The Polynomial Abstract Data type- Polynomial Representation- Polynomial Addition. Spares Matrices,Introduction- Sparse Matrix Representation- Transposing a Matrix- Matrix Multiplication, Representation of Arrays.

UNIT-II: STACKS AND QUEUES

Templates in C++, Template Functions- Using Templates to Represent Container Classes, The Stack Abstract Data Type, The Queue Abstract Data Type, Subtyping and Inheritance in C++, Evaluation of Expressions, Expression- Postfix Notation- Infix to Postfix.

UNIT-III: LINKED LISTS

Single Linked List and Chains, Representing Chains in C++, Defining a Node in C++- Designing a Chain Class in C++- Pointer manipulation in C++- Chain Manipulation Operations, The Template Class Chain, Implementing Chains with Templates- Chain Iterators- Chain Operations- Reusing a Class, Circular Lists, Available Space Lists, Linked Stacks and Queues, Polynomials, Polynomial Representation- Adding Polynomials- Circular List Representation of Polynomials, Equivalence Classes, Sparse Matrices, Sparse Matrix Representation- Sparse Matrix Input-Deleting a Sparse Matrix, Doubly Linked Lists, Generalized Lists, Representation of Generalized Lists- Recursive Algorithms for Lists- Reference Counts, Shared and Recursive Lists

UNIT-IV: TREES

Introduction, Terminology, Representation of Trees, Binary Trees, The Abstract Data Type, Properties of Binary Trees, Binary Tree Representations, Binary Tree Traversal and Tree Iterators, Introduction, Inorder Traversal Preorder Traversal, Postorder Traversal, Thread Binary Trees, Threads, Inorder Traversal of a Threaded Binary Tree, Inserting a Node into a Threaded Binary Tree, Heaps, Priority Queues, Definition of a Max Heap, Insertion into a Max Heap, Deletion from a Max Heap, Binary Search Trees, Definition, Searching a Binary Search Tree, Insertion into a Binary Search Tree, Deletion from a Binary Search Tree, Height of Binary Search Tree.

UNIT-V: GRAPHS

The Graph Abstract Data Type, Introduction, Definition, Graph Representation, Elementary Graph Operation, Depth First Search, Breadth First Search, Connected Components, Spanning Trees, Biconnected Components, Minimum Cost Spanning Trees, Kruskal S Algorithm, Prim s Algorithm Sollin' s Algorithm, Shortest Paths and Transitive Closure, Single Source/All Destination: Nonnegative Edge Cost, Single Source/All Destination: General Weights, All-Pairs Shortest Path, Transitive Closure.

UNIT-VI: SORTING

Insertion Sort, Quick Sort, Merge Sort Merging, Iterative Merge Sort, Recursive Merge Sort, Heap Sort.

OUTCOMES:

- Distinguish between procedures and object oriented programming.
- Apply advanced data structure strategies for exploring complex data structures.
- Compare and contrast various data structures and design techniques in the area of Performance.
- Implement data structure algorithms through C++. • Incorporate data structures into the applications such as binary search trees, AVL and B Trees
- Implement all data structures like stacks, queues, trees, lists and graphs and compare their Performance and trade offs

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Data structures, Algorithms and Applications in C++, S.Sahni, University Press (India) Pvt.Ltd, 2nd edition, Universities Press, Pvt. Ltd.
2. Data structures and Algorithm Analysis in C++, Mark Allen Weiss, Pearson Education. Ltd., Second Edition.
3. Data structures and Algorithms in C++, Michael T.Goodrich, R.Tamassia and .Mount, Wiley student edition, John Wiley and Sons.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Data structures and algorithms in C++, 3rd Edition, Adam Drozdek, Thomson
2. Data structures using C and C++, Langsam, Augenstein and Tanenbaum, PHI.
3. Problem solving with C++, The OOP, Fourth edition, W.Savitch, Pearson education.

II Year - I Semester

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MATHEMATICAL FOUNDATION OF COMPUTER SCIENCE

OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the students to the topics and techniques of discrete methods and combinatorial reasoning.
- To introduce a wide variety of applications. The algorithmic approach to the solution of problems is fundamental in discrete mathematics, and this approach reinforces the close ties between this discipline and the area of computer science.

UNIT -I:

Mathematical Logic: Propositional Calculus: Statements and Notations, Connectives, Well Formed Formulas, Truth Tables, Tautologies, Equivalence of Formulas, Duality Law, Tautological Implications, Normal Forms, Theory of Inference for Statement Calculus, Consistency of Premises, Indirect Method of Proof. Predicate Calculus: Predicative Logic, Statement Functions, Variables and Quantifiers, Free and Bound Variables, Inference Theory for Predicate Calculus.

UNIT -II:

Set Theory: Introduction, Operations on Binary Sets, Principle of Inclusion and Exclusion, *Relations:* Properties of Binary Relations, Relation Matrix and Digraph, Operations on Relations, Partition and Covering, Transitive Closure, Equivalence, Compatibility and Partial Ordering Relations, Hasse Diagrams, *Functions:* Bijective Functions, Composition of Functions, Inverse Functions, Permutation Functions, Recursive Functions, Lattice and its Properties.

UNIT- III:

Algebraic Structures and Number Theory: *Algebraic Structures:* Algebraic Systems, Examples, General Properties, Semi Groups and Monoids, Homomorphism of Semi Groups and Monoids, Group, Subgroup, Abelian Group, Homomorphism, Isomorphism, *Number Theory:* Properties of Integers, Division Theorem, The Greatest Common Divisor, Euclidean Algorithm, Least Common Multiple, Testing for Prime Numbers, The Fundamental Theorem of Arithmetic, Modular Arithmetic (Fermat's Theorem and Euler's Theorem)

UNIT -IV:

Combinatorics: Basic of Counting, Permutations, Permutations with Repetitions, Circular Permutations, Restricted Permutations, Combinations, Restricted Combinations, Generating Functions of Permutations and Combinations, Binomial and Multinomial Coefficients, Binomial and Multinomial Theorems, The Principles of Inclusion–Exclusion, Pigeonhole Principle and its Application.

UNIT -V:

Recurrence Relations: Generating Functions, Function of Sequences, Partial Fractions, Calculating Coefficient of Generating Functions, Recurrence Relations, Formulation as Recurrence Relations, Solving Recurrence Relations by Substitution and Generating Functions, Method of Characteristic Roots, Solving Inhomogeneous Recurrence Relations

UNIT -VI:

Graph Theory: Basic Concepts of Graphs, Sub graphs, Matrix Representation of Graphs: Adjacency Matrices, Incidence Matrices, Isomorphic Graphs, Paths and Circuits, Eulerian and Hamiltonian Graphs, Multigraphs, Planar Graphs, Euler's Formula, Graph Colouring and Covering, Chromatic Number, Spanning Trees, Algorithms for Spanning Trees (Problems Only and Theorems without Proofs).

OUTCOMES:

- Student will be able to demonstrate skills in solving mathematical problems
- Student will be able to comprehend mathematical principles and logic
- Student will be able to demonstrate knowledge of mathematical modeling and proficiency in using mathematical software
- Student will be able to manipulate and analyze data numerically and/or graphically using appropriate Software
- Student will be able to communicate effectively mathematical ideas/results verbally or in writing

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Discrete Mathematical Structures with Applications to Computer Science, J. P. Tremblay and P. Manohar, Tata McGraw Hill.
2. Elements of Discrete Mathematics-A Computer Oriented Approach, C. L. Liu and D. P. Mohapatra, 3rd Edition, Tata McGraw Hill.
3. Discrete Mathematics and its Applications with Combinatorics and Graph Theory, K. H. Rosen, 7th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Discrete Mathematics for Computer Scientists and Mathematicians, J. L. Mott, A. Kandel, T.P. Baker, 2nd Edition, Prentice Hall of India.
2. Discrete Mathematical Structures, BernandKolman, Robert C. Busby, Sharon Cutler Ross, PHI.
3. Discrete Mathematics, S. K. Chakraborty and B.K. Sarkar, Oxford, 2011.

II Year - I Semester

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PYTHON PROGRAMMING

OBJECTIVES:

- Introduction to Scripting Language
- Exposure to various problems solving approaches of computer science

UNIT – I:

Introduction:History of Python, Need of Python Programming, Applications Basics of Python Programming Using the REPL(Shell), Running Python Scripts, Variables, Assignment, Keywords, Input-Output, Indentation.

UNIT – II:

Types, Operators and Expressions: Types - Integers, Strings, Booleans; Operators- Arithmetic Operators, Comparison (Relational) Operators, Assignment Operators, Logical Operators, Bitwise Operators, Membership Operators, Identity Operators, Expressions and order of evaluations Control Flow- if, if-elif-else, for, while, break, continue, pass

UNIT – III:

Data Structures Lists - Operations, Slicing, Methods; Tuples, Sets, Dictionaries, Sequences. Comprehensions.

UNIT – IV:

Functions - Defining Functions, Calling Functions, Passing Arguments, Keyword Arguments, Default Arguments, Variable-length arguments, Anonymous Functions, Fruitful Functions(Function Returning Values), Scope of the Variables in a Function - Global and Local Variables.

Modules: Creating modules, import statement, from. Import statement, name spacing,

Python packages, Introduction to PIP, Installing Packages via PIP, Using Python Packages

UNIT – V:

Object Oriented Programming OOP in Python: Classes, 'self variable', Methods, Constructor Method, Inheritance, Overriding Methods, Datahiding,

Error and Exceptions: Difference between an error and Exception, Handling Exception, try except block, Raising Exceptions, User Defined Exceptions

UNIT – VI:

Brief Tour of the Standard Library - Operating System Interface - String Pattern Matching, Mathematics, Internet Access, Dates and Times, Data Compression, Multithreading, GUI Programming, Turtle Graphics

Testing: Why testing is required ?, Basic concepts of testing, Unit testing in Python, Writing Test cases, Running Tests.

OUTCOMES:

- Making Software easily right out of the box.
- Experience with an interpreted Language.
- To build software for real needs.
- Prior Introduction to testing software

TEXT BOOKS

1. Python Programming: A Modern Approach, Vamsi Kurama, Pearson
2. Learning Python, Mark Lutz, Orielly

Reference Books:

1. Think Python, Allen Downey, Green Tea Press
2. Core Python Programming, W.Chun, Pearson.
3. Introduction to Python, Kenneth A. Lambert, Cengage

II Year - I Semester

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STATISTICS WITH R PROGRAMMING

OBJECTIVE:

After taking the course, students will be able to

- Use R for statistical programming, computation, graphics, and modeling,
- Write functions and use R in an efficient way,
- Fit some basic types of statistical models
- Use R in their own research,
- Be able to expand their knowledge of R on their own.

UNIT-I:

Introduction, How to run R, R Sessions and Functions, Basic Math, Variables, Data Types, Vectors, Conclusion, Advanced Data Structures, Data Frames, Lists, Matrices, Arrays, Classes.

UNIT-II:

R Programming Structures, Control Statements, Loops, - Looping Over Nonvector Sets,- If-Else, Arithmetic and Boolean Operators and values, Default Values for Argument, Return Values, Deciding Whether to explicitly call return- Returning Complex Objects, Functions are Objective, No Pointers in R, Recursion, A Quicksort Implementation-Extended Example: A Binary Search Tree.

UNIT-III:

Doing Math and Simulation in R, Math Function, Extended Example Calculating Probability-Cumulative Sums and Products-Minima and Maxima- Calculus, Functions for Statistical Distribution, Sorting, Linear Algebra Operation on Vectors and Matrices, Extended Example: Vector cross Product- Extended Example: Finding Stationary Distribution of Markov Chains, Set Operation, Input /out put, Accessing the Keyboard and Monitor, Reading and writer Files,

UNIT-IV:

Graphics, Creating Graphs, The Workhorse of R Base Graphics, the plot() Function – Customizing Graphs, Saving Graphs to Files.

UNIT-V:

Probability Distributions, Normal Distribution- Binomial Distribution- Poisson Distributions Other Distribution, Basic Statistics, Correlation and Covariance, T-Tests,-ANOVA.

UNIT-VI:

Linear Models, Simple Linear Regression, -Multiple Regression Generalized Linear Models, Logistic Regression, - Poisson Regression- other Generalized Linear Models-Survival Analysis, Nonlinear Models, Splines- Decision- Random Forests,

OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course, students will be able to:

- List motivation for learning a programming language
- Access online resources for R and import new function packages into the R workspace
- Import, review, manipulate and summarize data-sets in R
- Explore data-sets to create testable hypotheses and identify appropriate statistical tests
- Perform appropriate statistical tests using R Create and edit visualizations with

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1) The Art of R Programming, Norman Matloff, Cengage Learning
- 2) R for Everyone, Lander, Pearson

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1) R Cookbook, Paul Teetor, O'Reilly.
- 2) R in Action, Rob Kabacoff, Manning

II Year - I Semester

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DATASTRUCTURES THROUGH C++ LAB

OBJECTIVES:

- To develop skills to design and analyze simple linear and non linear data structures
- To Strengthen the ability to identify and apply the suitable data structure for the given real world problem
- To Gain knowledge in practical applications of data structures

List of Experiments:

1. Implementation of Singly linked list.
2. Implementation of Doubly linked list.
3. Implementation of Multistack in a Single Array.
4. Implementation of Circular Queue
5. Implementation of Binary Search trees.
6. Implementation of Hash table.
7. Implementation of Heaps.
8. Implementation of Breadth First Search Techniques.
9. Implementation of Depth First Search Techniques.
10. Implementation of Prim's Algorithm.
11. Implementation of Dijkstra's Algorithm.
12. Implementation of Kruskal's Algorithm
13. Implementation of MergeSort
14. Implementation of Quick Sort
15. Implementation of Data Searching using divide and conquer technique

OUTCOMES:

At the end of this lab session, the student will

- Be able to design and analyze the time and space efficiency of the data structure
- Be capable to identify the appropriate data structure for given problem

Have practical knowledge on the application of data structures

II Year - I Semester

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PYTHON PROGRAMMING LAB

Exercise 1 - Basics

- Running instructions in Interactive interpreter and a Python Script
- Write a program to purposefully raise Indentation Error and Correct it

Exercise 2 - Operations

- Write a program to compute distance between two points taking input from the user (Pythagorean Theorem)
- Write a program add.py that takes 2 numbers as command line arguments and prints its sum.

Exercise - 3 Control Flow

- Write a Program for checking whether the given number is a even number or not.
- Using a for loop, write a program that prints out the decimal equivalents of $1/2$, $1/3$, $1/4$, . . . , $1/10$
- Write a program using a for loop that loops over a sequence. What is sequence ?
- Write a program using a while loop that asks the user for a number, and prints a countdown from that number to zero.

Exercise 4 - Control Flow - Continued

- Find the sum of all the primes below two million.
Each new term in the Fibonacci sequence is generated by adding the previous two terms. By starting with 1 and 2, the first 10 terms will be:

1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34, 55, 89, ...

- By considering the terms in the Fibonacci sequence whose values do not exceed four million, find the sum of the even-valued terms.

Exercise - 5 - DS

- Write a program to count the numbers of characters in the string and store them in a dictionary data structure
- Write a program to use split and join methods in the string and trace a birthday with a dictionary data structure.

Exercise - 6 DS - Continued

- a) Write a program `combine_lists` that combines these lists into a dictionary.
- b) Write a program to count frequency of characters in a given file. Can you use character frequency to tell whether the given file is a Python program file, C program file or a text file?

Exercise - 7 Files

- a) Write a program to print each line of a file in reverse order.
- b) Write a program to compute the number of characters, words and lines in a file.

Exercise - 8 Functions

- a) Write a function `ball_collide` that takes two balls as parameters and computes if they are colliding. Your function should return a Boolean representing whether or not the balls are colliding.

Hint: Represent a ball on a plane as a tuple of (x, y, r) , r being the radius

If $(\text{distance between two balls centers}) \leq (\text{sum of their radii})$ then (they are colliding)

- b) Find mean, median, mode for the given set of numbers in a list.

Exercise - 9 Functions - Continued

- a) Write a function `nearly_equal` to test whether two strings are nearly equal. Two strings a and b are nearly equal when a can be generated by a single mutation on b .
- b) Write a function `dups` to find all duplicates in the list.
- c) Write a function `unique` to find all the unique elements of a list.

Exercise - 10 - Functions - Problem Solving

- a) Write a function `cumulative_product` to compute cumulative product of a list of numbers.
- b) Write a function `reverse` to reverse a list. Without using the `reverse` function.
- c) Write function to compute `gcd`, `lcm` of two numbers. Each function shouldn't exceed one line.

Exercise 11 - Multi-D Lists

- a) Write a program that defines a matrix and prints
- b) Write a program to perform addition of two square matrices
- c) Write a program to perform multiplication of two square matrices

Exercise - 12 - Modules

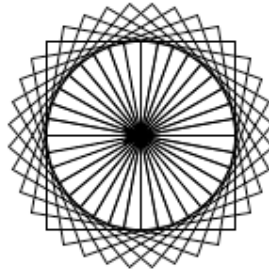
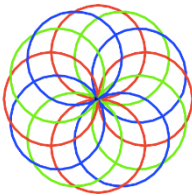
- a) Install packages `requests`, `flask` and explore them. using `(pip)`
- b) Write a script that imports `requests` and fetch content from the page. Eg. (Wiki)
- c) Write a simple script that serves a simple `HTTPResponse` and a simple `HTML Page`

Exercise - 13 OOP

- a) Class variables and instance variable and illustration of the self variable
 - i) Robot
 - ii) ATM Machine

Exercise - 14 GUI, Graphics

1. Write a GUI for an Expression Calculator using tk
2. Write a program to implement the following figures using turtle



Exercise - 15 - Testing

- a) Write a test-case to check the function `even_numbers` which return True on passing a list of all even numbers
- b) Write a test-case to check the function `reverse_string` which returns the reversed string

Exercise - 16 - Advanced

- a) Build any one classical data structure.
- b) Write a program to solve knapsack problem.